

U. SA

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

()ennefer Weisert

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Kara Whipple

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Kara Whipple

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Markatelle

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely.

Johanna En

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the

former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely.

Elizabeth byon

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the

former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Paul H. Lale.

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Katie Mayer

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

nicole Culver

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Lama Robenson

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Hallie The Loven

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Melisso B. augyelan

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Jenn Meurile

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S. , that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the

former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely, amy Bith Dambeck

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Seen Coophli

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the

former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Noël Casagrandy

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Damon Hym

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely, James Groenly

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples. Sincerely, Jennifer Smith

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Christopher J. Bhnenstock

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely, Shannon Jenscott

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Elisabeth Welson

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Authory Con Xx

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Brenda Smith

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

alem M Deierk

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely.

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely, LESSICG Careaty

Your Excellency:

It has come to the attention of the Amnesty chapter of Manasquan H.S., that Mauro Gonzalez Qiuspe, Rene Larico Aguilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales, three Peruvians, have been sentenced to death for the murder of two Chilean students in January 1992. The three allegedly crossed the border from Peru to Chile on January 31. The three are alleged to have carried weapons with them and to have kidnapped and murdered Matjorie Navarro and Alexander Orrego. According to reports the murders took place in Pampa de Codpa.

President Aylwin of Chile has repeatedly made clear to the public that he opposes the death penalty and has promised to use his discretionary powers to grant clemency in death penalty cases that come before him. Eight political prisoners who had received recommended death penalties under the former military government, have been instead sentenced to life imprisonment.

Amnesty respectfully asks that President Aylwin uses his power of clemency to withdrawal the death penalty for Mauro Gonzalez Quispe, Rene Larico Aquilar, and Lisbert Fausto Mamani Morales. Also the total abolition of the death penalty in Chile is asked for. A worldwide tread of abolition of death penalty is now in action. Abolition would ensure long-term respect for the human rights of all peoples.

Sincerely,

Sean A Kelly