

11-2-92

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica De Chile  
Palacio de La Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile

(25)



Your Excellency,

As a concerned world citizen, I am always worried about the violation of anyone's human rights. Since 1992 is being marked in a number of countries as the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent, it seems appropriate to highlight some concerns with respect to some unsolved human rights violations against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo. This concern, however, will simply not end after 1992 is over, I am concerned that he was extrajudicially executed in 1973.

I welcome the investigations into his killing and express the hope that the full truth will emerge. Those responsible for his death should be brought to justice. Those responsible for all other human rights violations should also be brought to justice.

The Amnesty Law passed in 1978 for all those who as "authors, accomplices, or accessories" had been responsible for crimes committed during the state of siege between 1973 and 1978 constitutes an obstacle  
(OVER PLEASE)

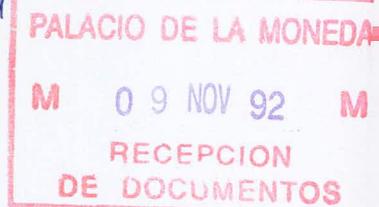
Cyril Morong  
1811 Lyon  
Batesville, AR  
72501  
USA



Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
CHILE

- V.H.C.A.

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Additional message area.

To clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence and that the law should therefore be repealed.

Sincerely,

Cyril Morong

Cyril Morong

Address:

1811 Lyon  
Batesville, AR  
72501  
USA

November 2, 1992

Your Excellency,

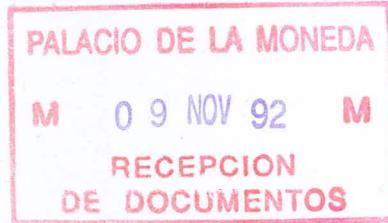
I am always concerned about the violation of anyone's human rights. 1992 is being marked in a number of countries as the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent. It therefore seems a particularly appropriate time to highlight concerns with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincoque. My concern will not diminish when 1992 comes to a close.

I would like to express my concern about the extra-judicial execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincoque in 1973. I would like to see an investigation into the matter. The amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence.

Yours truly,  
Claire Saïk



Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de La Republica de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile



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Additional message area:

November 2, 1992

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar

Presidente de la República de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile

Your Excellency,

1992 marks the 500<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent, therefore it seems appropriate time to highlight concerns with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas.

Amnesty International believes that the amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrences and that law should be repealed.

Patricia Aylwin  
2300 Highland Rd.  
Bethesda, Md. 20801

Robert Parkin  
2300 Highland  
Batesville, AR 72531



Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azócar  
Presidente de la República de Chile  
Palacio De la Moneda  
Santiago

RECEPCION  
DE DOCUMENTOS

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Additional message area.

YOUR excellency,

10/28/92

I am an American and a member of Amnesty International. As such I am concerned with the rights of humans around the world. This year marks the 500th anniversary of Europeans on the continent. This time makes one stop and reflect the rights of indigenous peoples of the Americas, which continue to be ~~abot~~ abused five centuries later.

It has been brought to my attention that such an abuse or violation of rights occurred in 1973 in Chile. Mapuche Indian, <sup>Nelson</sup> Vladimiro Curnir Lincogneo, was arrested from his home October 5, 1973. His body was found in March 1990 by <sup>another</sup> Mapuche Indian in a cemetery near Temuco. Those responsible for his ~~arrest~~ <sup>arrest</sup> and death have not been brought to justice.

Under an amnesty law passed in Chile in 1978, those who as "authors, accomplices or accessories" ~~had~~ were responsible for crimes committed between September 11, 1973 and March 10, 1978 are now free from responsibility for their crimes. Nelson Curnir's killing falls into this category, and it has therefore not ~~been~~ <sup>been</sup> resolved. I ask that you reopen his case; and an investigation will bring forth the truth and those responsible will be brought to justice. Also, I request that you look into repealing the amnesty law of 1978; as it is an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence.

Sincerely,  
Laura Sutton

Amnesty International  
University of Missouri-Rolla  
Rolla, MO 65401



Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente De La Republica De Chile  
Palacio De La Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile



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Jennifer Shepard  
Rhodes College  
2000 N. Parkway  
Memphis TN  
USA 38112 -1699

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente De La Republica De Chile  
Palacio De La Moneda  
Santiago , Chile

Your Excellency,

As a responsible citizen of the United States I am always concerned about the violation of anyone's human rights. I feel the need to look out for the human rights of others is especially important this year with many countries celebrating the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent. Now is the time for everyone to look into unsolved human rights violations of the past. The case of Nelson Wladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo tremendously concerns me.

According to information I have received, Nelson Wladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo was extrajudicially executed in 1973. He was arrested from his home on October 5, 1973 and charged with membership in the Movement of the Revolutionary Left. His body was not found until 1990. I am deeply concerned about his death.

I welcome the investigations being

made into Lincoqueo's case by the National Commission of Truth and Reconciliation and hope that the truth will be found and those responsible will be brought to justice. All people responsible for human rights abuses in Chile must be brought to justice in order to prevent these horrible events from reoccurring. I believe the Amnesty Law of 1978 which does not hold people who were "authors, accomplices or accessories" to human rights violations accountable for their actions merely paves the way for more abuses. In light of the democratic government currently in place in your country, I encourage your government to repeal the Amnesty Law of 1978 allowing for the full facts to be discovered in these pending cases. Thank you in advance for your attention to this matter.

Gincerely,  
Jennifer Shepard

Sr. Patricia Aylwin Azacar  
Presidente de la Republica De Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile  
Your Excellency

Sr. Patricia Aylwin Azacar,

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Caviasif Lincoguen in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in armed forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in ~~Tucaca~~ Tucaca and an activist in the Communist Party. In March 1990 a Machipe Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the banks of the River Caupin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson Caviasif family buried him in the ~~General Cemetery~~ General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully yours,

Mike Myers

Mike Myers  
4720 Harbinson Ave.  
La Mesa, CA 91941

Sr. Patricia Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student at Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Wiadimiro Curimur Lincoquero in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in Armed Forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the Communist Party. In March 1990 a machuque Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the banks of the river Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson's family buried him in the General cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that investigations into his killing be held and I hope that the truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully Yours,  
Jenny Frisch

SR. Patricio Aylwin

I AM a student attending  
Helix High who is concerned with the  
violation of human rights. I AM aware  
of the execution of Nelson Wladimir  
Lurinir Lincoln in 1973, who was  
taken by heavily armed men in arm  
forces uniform. His family never saw  
him alive again.

Nelson was a student at  
the Technical University in Temuco and  
an activist in the Communist Party. In  
March 1990 a Mapuche Indian came  
forward to say that his body had been  
found on the banks of the River Lauin  
in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson  
Lurinir's family buried him in the  
General Cemetery of Temuco. Those  
responsible for his killing have not been  
brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into  
his killing be carried out and I hope  
that the full truth will emerge and those  
responsible for his death will be brought  
to justice.

Sincerely  
Dawnan Funes

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar,

Nov 2, 1992

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincogreco in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in armed forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the Communist Party. In March 1990 a Machup<sup>e</sup> Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson Curinir's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and that those responsible for his death be brought to justice.

Respectfully,

Leslie Burmeister

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica De Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile  
Your Excellency

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student attending Helix High School who is very concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo in 1973. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was an activist in the Communist Party and a student at the Technical University in Temuco. In 1990 a machuape Indian came forward and said that his body was found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson's family buried him. The people responsible for his death have not yet been put to justice.

I am asking that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible be put to justice.

Respectfully yours,

Leah Walkey  
(Leah Walkey)

11/2/92

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curimir Lincóqueo in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in armed forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the technical University in Temuco and an activist in the communist party. In March 1990 a Machupe Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the banks of the river Cautin in 1973.

On January of 1991, Nelson Curimir's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigators into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully yours,

Ara Mewlud

November 2nd 1992

Your Excellency  
of Dr Patricio Sylvain Ypocan:

I am a student at Helix Highschool, who is very concerned with human rights violations. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimir Curinir Lincoqueo in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in army forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University of Temuco and an activist in the Communist Party. In March of 1990 a Machupche Indian came forward to say his body has been found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5th 1991 Nelson's family buried him in the general cemetery of Temuco. Those held responsible for his murder have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be brought out & I really hope that the full truth will be unveiled and those responsible for his death be brought to justice.

Respectfully Yours,  
April Solomon



Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lancoqueo in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in arm forces uniforms. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the Communist Party. In March 1990 a Machupe Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson Curinir's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully Yours,

Carrie Dilgand

Sr. Patricia Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile

Your Excellency

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concern with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Wladimir Curinir Lincozuno in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in arm forces uniforms. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the communist party. In March 1990 a Mapuche Indian came forward to say that his body was found on the banks of the River Cautin<sup>as</sup> in 1973. On January 5 1991 Nelson Curie's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully Yours,  
Monica Kobylochka

Nov. 2, 1992

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago Chile

Your Excellency:

I am always concerned about the violation of anyone's human rights. I express a grave concern about the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincoagued in 1973. Amnesty International welcomes the investigations into his killing and express the hope that the full truth will emerge and that those responsible for his death will be brought to justice. Amnesty International believes this must happen with respect to this and all human rights violations committed in Chile in order to prevent such atrocities from recurring. Amnesty International also believes that the amnesty law of 1978 constitutes an obstacle to clarifying past abuses and preventing their recurrence and that the law should therefore be repealed.

1992 is being marked in a number of countries as the 500th anniversary of the arrival of Europeans on the continent. It therefore seems a particularly appropriate time to highlight concerns with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous peoples of what is now called the Americas, including the case of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincoagued. My concern will not diminish once 1992 is over.

Thank you very much for this time and consideration of human rights violations.

Sincerely,  
Dennifer Lewis

Douglas D. Deacon  
P.O. Box 963  
2300 Highland Rd.  
Baton Rouge, LA 70801-3699



Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile



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Additional message area:

October 26, 1992

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica de Chile  
Santiago, CHILE

Senor Presidente:

I am a member of AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL, a worldwide movement working impartially for the release of all prisoners of conscience, fair and prompt trials for political prisoners and an end to torture and executions.

I am writing out of great concern over the death of NELSON WLADIMIRO CURINIR LINCOQUEO, a Mapuche Indian who was a 22-year-old student at the State Technical University in Temuco in 1973. On October 5, 1973, a heavily armed group of men in air force uniforms entered his home, threatened the occupants and took NELSON CURINIR to Maquehua air force base. His family never saw him alive again.

On October 18, 1973, his family heard an announcement on the radio describing NELSON WLADIMIRO CURINIR LINCOQUEO as an MIR activist and saying he had escaped from custody while being transferred to Temuco prison. Witnesses have stated NELSON CURINIR had been taken from the base in Maquehua by members of the air force on October 13, 1973. That is the last time anyone saw him alive.

In March 1990, a Mapuche Indian stated NELSON CURINIR's body had been found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973 and had been buried as "NN" in a cemetery near Temuco. A civilian judge ordered NELSON CURINIR's body exhumed and identified. Before re-burial, an autopsy revealed he had been shot in the back of the head.

On January 5, 1991, NELSON CURINIR's family buried him in Temuco, 17 years after his abduction by the security forces. A criminal complaint (querella) for homicide was presented to the court in 1991. However, the amnesty law of 1978 prevents the prosecution of this and thousands of other cases of human rights abuses.

I join Amnesty International in welcoming the investigations into NELSON CURINIR's killing and hope the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death be brought to justice. I also agree with Amnesty International's beliefs that this must happen with respect to all the human rights violations committed in Chile in order to prevent such atrocities from happening again.

Thank you for your time.

Sincerely,



SR. PATRICIO AYLWIN AZOCAR

PRESIDENTS DE LA REPUBLICA DE CHILE

PALACIO DE LA MONEDA

SANTIAGO, CHILE

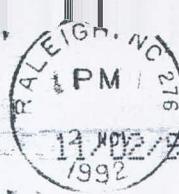
DEAR MR. PRESIDENT,

I AM WRITING WITH GRAVE CONCERN FOR THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES IN CHILE. I RECENTLY READ OF THE EXTRAJUDICIAL EXECUTION OF NELSON WLA~~SMIRO~~ CURINIR LINCOQUEO. AS A UNIVERSITY STUDENT, I WOULD FIND IT HORRIFYING TO BE TAKEN VIOLENTLY FROM MY HOME, ACCUSED OF TREASON, AND IMMEDIATELY JAILED WITHOUT TRIAL. NELSON EXPERIENCED THIS VERY NIGHTMARE ON THE NIGHT OF OCTOBER 5<sup>TH</sup>, 1973. HUMAN RIGHTS SHOULD BE GIVEN TO ALL HUMANS. PLEASE CONSIDER THIS HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATION AS ONLY ONE EXAMPLE OF MANY. THE INJUSTICES DEALT UPON NELSON AND OTHER INDIGENOUS PEOPLES IN CHILE MUST BE INVESTIGATED AND BROUGHT TO AN END.

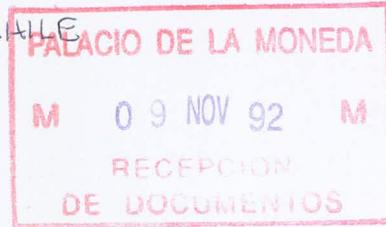
SINCERELY,

James King

JAMES KING  
214 ASHE AVE. # 302  
RALEIGH, NC 27605  
U.S.A.



SR. PATRICIO AYLWIN AZOCAR  
PRESIDENTE DE LA REPUBLICA DE CHILE  
PALACIO DE LA MONEDA  
SANTIAGO, CHILE



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[2] Second fold



Alvaro Rotaria Cruz  
Box 4027 NCSU  
Raleigh, NC 27607

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la República de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago, Chile

Excelentísimo Señor Presidente:

Es de todos conocido el violento golpe de estado de 1973 contra el recién electo gobierno de Salvador Allende. Una de las víctimas de este lamentable hecho fue Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo, quien fue asesinado ese año. Este hecho aún no ha sidoclarificado; los responsables no han sido procesados.

Como miembro de Amnistía Internacional estoy sumamente preocupado por las violaciones a los derechos humanos aún no resueltas. En este caso, por la ejecución extrajudicial de Nelson Curinir, un miembro de los Indios Mapuche.

A la luz de la reciente democratización en Chile, de la cual usted es una figura prominente, le pido vehementemente que se investigue la causa de la muerte de Nelson Curinir y se exponga a los culpables a la justicia.

Estoy seguro que usted y su Ministerio de Justicia harán valer los derechos de Nelson Curinir. Espero me informe del resultado de su investigación.

Alejandro Retica Cint  
Box 4027 NCSU  
Raleigh, NC 27697

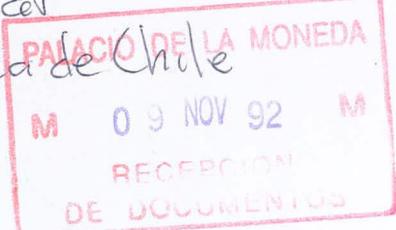


RESEARCH TRIANGLE AREA

USA 45



Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago, Chile



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A4

Message area.

Estimable de la generica Elección  
Alejandro Retica Cint

Me despido respetuosamente,

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de La Republica de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile  
Your Excellency

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the excution of Nelson Vladimiro Curinir Lincogueo in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in armed forces uniform. His family never saw him again, alive.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in Temeyco and an activist in the Communist Party. In March 1990 a Machupe Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the Banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991 Nelson Curuinir's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temeuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice

Respectfully Yours,

Cathy Lintvedt

Sr. Patricia Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica De Chile  
Palacio de La Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile

Your Excellency Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student attending Melix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curnir Lincoqueo in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in army forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the Communist Party. In March 1990 a Mapuche Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson Curnir's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully yours,

Erin Barr

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica de Chile  
Palacio de La Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile  
Your Excellency

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student attending Felix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curimir Lincoqueo in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in arm forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the Communist Party. In March, 1990, a Mapuche Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the bank of the River Cautin in 1973. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully yours,

Jessica Frost

Sr. Patricia Aylwin Azocar,

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curimir Lincoqueo in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in armed forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the Communist Party.

In March 1990 a Machupe Indian came forward to say that his body had been found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson Curimir's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully Yours,  
Laurie Ohnesorge

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de LA Republica de Chile  
PALACIO DE LA MONEDA  
SANTIAGO  
CHILE  
Your Excellency

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar:

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Wladimir Curinir Lincoqueo in 1973, who was taken by heavily armed men in arm forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the communist Party. In March 1990 a Machupi Indian came forward to say that his body had ~~ever~~ been found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson Curinir's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask that the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully yours,  
Francisco Bernardino Villaseñor

Sr Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de La Republica De Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile  
Your Excellency

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar!

I am a student attending Helix High School who is concerned with violations of human rights. I am aware of the execution of Nelson Vladimiro Curmin Lincoqueo in 1973 who was taken by heavily armed men in arm forces uniform. His family never saw him alive again.

Nelson was a student at the Technical University in Temuco and an activist in the Communist party. In March 1990 a Machupi Indian game forward to say that his body had been found on the banks of the River Cautin in 1973. On January 5, 1991, Nelson Curmin's family buried him in the General Cemetery of Temuco. Those responsible for his killing have not been brought to justice.

I ask the investigations into his killing be carried out and I hope that the full truth will emerge and those responsible for his death will be brought to justice.

Respectfully Yours,

Elizabeth Rockefeller

October 29, 1992

Sr. Patricio Aylwin Azocar  
Presidente de la Republica de Chile  
Palacio de la Moneda  
Santiago  
Chile

Dear Mr. President,

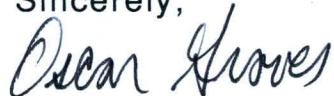
I am writing to you expressing concern about the violation of human rights within your country.

I am concerned with respect to unresolved human rights violations against indigenous peoples, including the case of Nelson Wladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo.

I am gravely concerned about the extrajudicial execution of Nelson Wladimiro Curinir Lincoqueo in 1973.

Please heed my remarks in the name of Human Rights!

Sincerely,



Oscar Groves

3211 N. Racine #1F

Chicago, IL 60657

U.S.A.